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IEDM: An Ontology for Irradiation Experiments Data Management MINES 🖈 ParisTech

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Abstract

Irradiation experiments (IE) are an essential step in the development of "irradiation facilities". Aiming to promote knowledge sharing and digital High-Energy Physics (HEP) particle accelerators and detectors. They are management of IEs, we introduce IEDM, a new Irradiation Experiments used to assess the radiation hardness of experimental devices by Data Management ontology. This work presents an overview of the key simulating, in a short time, the common long-term degradation effects due concepts and structure of IEDM while discussing possible applications. to energy loss in matter. Usually carried out with ionizing radiation, these complex processes require highly specialized infrastructures called

Irradiation Experiments





What is irradiation experiment?

An irradiation experiment is a process where materials (e.g., electronics,

10 MeV IBA rhodotron

Clinac[®] iX System linear accelerator

detectors, etc.) or patients are purposefully exposed to a radiation source of electromagnetic or corpuscular nature.

Why and where do we need such experiments?

Irradiation experiments are found in different domains:

- High-Energy Physics (HEP): qualification of detectors or electronic components in a radiation environment equivalent to the one these devices will encounter in actual HEP experiments and accelerators, thus simulating, in a short time, long-term radiation-induced degradation effects;
- **Space Technology and Avionics:** radiation-hardness testing of components of aircraft and spacecraft avionics, subjected to radiation damage during flight;
- **Industry:** food sterilization, seed treatment, etc.;
- **Medicine:** radiotherapy treatments.

We conducted an extensive survey of the irradiation facilities existing worldwide in order to find the important semantic domain entities.

FACILITIES WORLDWIDE

Irradiation Facilities Survey



http://cern.ch/iedm



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