PIPS Is not (just) Polyhedral Software

Mehdi AMINI^{1,2} Corinne ANCOURT² Fabien COELHO² Béatrice CREUSILLET¹ Serge GUELTON^{3,2} François IRIGOIN² Pierre JOUVELOT² Ronan KERYELL^{1,3} Pierre VILLALON¹

¹HPC Project

²Mines ParisTech/CRI

³Institut TÉLÉCOM/TÉLÉCOM Bretagne/HPCAS

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IMPACT 2011

Some archeology

- (1)
- In the 70's vector and parallel machines where the only way to get top performances
- In the 80's automatic vectorization and parallelization became a hot research topic
- 1984: Rémi TRIOLET'S PhD @ Mines ParisTech with Paul FEAUTRIER on interprocedural parallelization, convex array regions, polyhedra and linear algebra...
- 1987: François IRIGOIN'S PhD @ Mines ParisTech with Paul FEAUTRIER on tiling, control code generation
- 1988: PIPS starts as a project to parallelize scientific applications. Motivation: electrocardiography signal processing code written in Fortran
- 1991: first PIPS PhD: Corinne ANCOURT (on code generation for data communication, under well-known WP65 secret project)



A (1) > A (2) > A (3)

Some archeology

(11)

- Followed a lot of internships, PhDs, post-docs, research engineers...
- Use very French specialties
 - Abstract interpretation to « understand » programs (COUSOT, HALBWACHS...)
 - Linear algebra to represent things in a mathematical way (good expressiveness, easy to manipulate) (FOURIER...)
- Nowadays parallelism here to prevent processors from melting -> parallel programming is just a way to avoid application to run slower... ③
- $\bullet \sim$ Need parallelism for the masses
- Automatic parallelization is one of the ways to go Image and the second s
- Advanced compilation needed anyway



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- PIPS (Interprocedural Parallelizer of Scientific Programs): Open Source project from Mines ParisTech... 23-year old! [©]
- Funded by many people (French DoD, Industry & Research Departments, University, CEA, IFP, Onera, ANR (French NSF), European projects, regional research clusters...)
- One of the projects that introduced polytope model-based compilation
- \approx 450 KLOC according to David A. Wheeler's <code>SLOCCount</code>
- ... but modular and sensible approach to pass through the years
 - ≈300 phases (parsers, analyzers, transformations, optimizers, parallelizers, code generators, pretty-printers...) that can be combined for the right purpose
 - Polytope lattice (sparse linear algebra) used for semantics analysis, transformations, cone-based dependance graph, code generation... to deal with big programs, not only loop-nests



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- Source-to-source to be more independent of targets (trust good work from back-end people ⁽³⁾)
- NewGen object description language for language-agnostic automatic generation of methods, persistence, object introspection, visitors, accessors, constructors, XML marshaling for interfacing with external tools...

Cf. presentation @ WIR 2011

- Interprocedural à la make engine to chain the phases as needed. Lazy construction of resources
- On-going efforts to extend the semantics analysis for C
- Around 15 programmers currently developing in PIPS (Mines ParisTech, HPC Project, IT SudParis, TÉLÉCOM Bretagne) with public svn, Trac, git, mailing lists, IRC, Plone, Skype... and use it for many projects



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Current PIPS usage

- Automatic parallelization (Par4All C & Fortran to OpenMP)
- Distributed memory computing with OpenMP-to-MPI translation [STEP project]
- Generic vectorization for SIMD instructions (SSE, VMX, NEON, CUDA, OpenCL...) (SAC project) [SCALOPES, SMECY]
- Parallelization for embedded systems [SCALOPES, SMECY]
- Compilation for hardware accelerators (Ter@PIX, SPoC, SIMD, FPGA, SCMP, MPPA...) [FREIA, SCALOPES, SIMILAN]
- High-level hardware accelerators synthesis generation for FPGA [PHRASE, CoMap]
- Reverse engineering & decompiler (reconstruction from binary to C)
- Genetic algorithm-based optimization [Luxembourg university+TB]
- Code instrumentation for performance measures
- GPU with CUDA & OpenCL [TransMedi@, FREIA, OpenGPU MediaGPU, SMECY]

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Outline

Key use cases

Key PIPS internals

Code transformations for heterogeneous computing

Conclusion

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Vectorization and parallelization

- Historical application for PIPS (1988–)
 - Introduced interprocedural parallelization based on linear algebra method
 - Fortran 77 ~ Cray Fortran, CM Fortran, Fortran 90 array syntax, HPF, OpenMP loops
 - ▶ Fine grain, corse grain, loop nest...
- Come back with SIMD instruction sets in most recent processors
 - SAC (SIMD Architecture Compiler) in PIPS (2003–2011)
 - Based on unrolling and SLP extraction instead of direct vectorization
 - Generate source with vector types & intrinsic functions for x86 SSE/AVX, ARM NEON (smart phones, tablets)...
 - Useful in GPU too: generate OpenCL & CUDA vector data types and intrinsics
 - Cf. Adrien GUINET's poster @ CGO 2011



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Code and memory distribution

- Work Package 65 from European project (1989–1992)
- Transputer-based parallel computer
 - Automatic code parallelization
 - Distribution of sequential code
 - « Compile » a global shared memory with some nodes running computations and some other giving memory services
 - Introduced
 - Code generation by scanning polyhedra
 - Code distribution with a linear algebra method
 - PVM version too
- More recently, generation of SPMD MPI code from OpenMP code by using PIPS convex array regions [STEP @ Institut Télécom SudParis]



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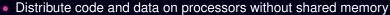
- Extension of WP65 concepts to HPF compilation (1992–1997)
- HPF = Fortran + Arrays of processors + Affine data-mapping of arrays

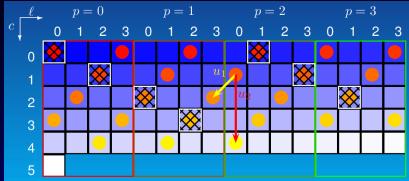
real A(0:24), B(0:24) ! $0 \le a_A \le 24$, $0 \le a_B \le 24$!HPF\$ template T(0:80) ! $0 \le t \le 80$!HPF\$ processors P(0:3) ! $0 \le p \le 3$!HPF\$ align A(i) with T(3*i) ! $a_A = 3t$!HPF\$ align B(i) with A(i) ! $a_A = a_B$!HPF\$ distribute T(cyclic(4)) onto P ! $t = 16c + 4p + \ell$! $0 \le \ell < 4$ A(0:U:3) = A(0:U:3) + B(1:U+1:3) ! i = 3i, $0 \le i \le U$! a = i



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HPF compilation





Generate allocations, local iterations, optimize communications, remappings and IO

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Array distribution:

 $\begin{array}{l} \textit{own}_{\mathtt{X}}(\textit{p}) = \left\{ \textit{a} \mid \exists t, \exists c, \exists \ell : \textit{R}_{\mathtt{X}} \textit{t} = \textit{A}_{\mathtt{X}} \textit{a} + \textit{t}_{\mathtt{X}0} \\ \land \varPi \textit{t} = \textit{C}_{\mathtt{X}}\textit{P}\textit{c} + \textit{C}_{\mathtt{X}}\textit{p} + \ell_{\mathtt{X}} \land \textit{0} \leq \textit{a} < \textit{D}_{\mathtt{X}} \\ \land \textit{0} \leq \textit{p} < \textit{P} \land \textit{0} \leq \ell < \textit{C}_{\mathtt{X}} \\ \land \textit{0} \leq \textit{t} < \textit{T}_{\mathtt{X}} \right\} \end{array} \right.$

• Local iterations (*owner compute rule*):

 $compute(p) = \{i \mid S_X i + a_{X0} \in own_X(p)\}$

Elements needed by computation:

 $view_{Y}(p) = \{a \mid \exists i \in compute(p) : a = S_{Y}i + a_{Y0}\}$



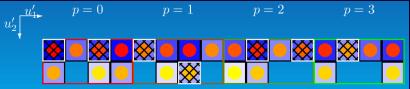
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Send-receive

 $\frac{send_{Y}(p)}{receive_{Y}(p)} = \{(p', a) \mid a \in own_{Y}(p) \cap view_{Y}(p')\}$ $receive_{Y}(p) = \{(p', a) \mid a \in view_{Y}(p) \cap own_{Y}(p')\}$

Compact allocation (HERMITE + non-linear transformation)



- Extension to Phénix machine from ETCA/SEH (work with Pierre FIORINI ~ CEO of HPC Project)
- Coming back? Placement directives interesting nowadays to organize manycore data and computations...



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Compilation for heterogeneous targets

- Providing high level tools: direct compilation of sequential code
- Adaptation of previous techniques
 - Generate host and accelerator code from pragma annotated code (CoMap) (2004–2007)
 - Generalize and improve for Ter@pix vector accelerator from THALES (2008–2011)
 - Support of CEA SCMP task oriented data-flow machine (2011)
 - Par4All project for GPU and other manycore accelerators (ST Microelectronics P2012, Kalray MPPA...) (2010–)

Configurations for the SPoC configurable image pipelined processor Cf. Fabien COELHO's presentation @ ODES 2011



Program Verification

- Automatic parallelization and abstract interpretation in PIPS: uses verifiers of mathematical polyhedral proofs
- ~ Can also be used
 - ► To extract semantics properties to prove facts about programs
 - Array bound checking and provably redundant array bound checks removing
 - On-going more precise linear integer pre- and post-conditions on programs
- Cf. François IRIGOIN presentation @ ACCA 2011

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Program synthesis

- Code generation and memory allocation from application descriptions in SPEAR-DE from THALES
- Composition of Simulink, Scade, Xcos/Scicos components by analyzing the C code of components (HPC Project 2010–)



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High-level hardware synthesis

- Generate FPGA configurations from sequential code + pragma (2002–2004)
- Use Madeo hardware synthesis tool from UBO, SmallTalk as input language
- Side effect: SmallTalk prettyprinter in PIPS ©





Decompilation

- Parallelization of binaries?
- Generate raw C-equivalent code with objdump + HPC Project crude C translator (2008)
- Apply PIPS code restructurer (control graph restructuring, graph loop recovering...)
- Apply PIPS parallelization



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Outline

Key use cases

Key PIPS internals

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General organization

- Compiler & tools: p4a (Par4All), sac (SIMD), terapyps (Ter@pix)
- Pass manager: PyPS, tpips
- PIPSmake consistency manager
- Phases
 - > Passes: inlining, unrolling, communication generation...
 - Analyses: HCFG, DFG, array regions, transformers, preconditions...
 - Prettyprinters: C, Fortran, XML...
- Internal representation

Cf. Fabien COELHO's presentation @ WIR 2011



Simple memory effects

- Describe memory operations performed by a given statement
- Proper effects: memory references local to individual statements
- Cumulated effects take into account all effects of compound statements, including those of their sub-statements
- Summary effects summarize the cumulated effects for a function and mask effects on local entities

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Simple memory effects

```
for(int k = 0; k <= M-1; k += 1)</pre>
        <may be read >: x[*] y[*]
        \underline{\langle may} be written \geq: R[*]
        < is read >: M N k
    R[k] = corr_body(k, N, \&x[k], y);
  3
  return 1;
 else
  return 0;
}
```

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Transformers

• Basis for linear relation analysis in PIPS

 Represent relation between the store after an instruction and the store before in a linear way (mainly for integer variables)

```
// T() {}
float corr_body(int k, int N, float x[N], float y[N]){
// T() {}
float out = 0.;
// T(n) {k+n'==N}
int n = N-k;
// T(n) {k+n=N,1<=n', n'<=n,1<=n}
while (n>0) {
// T(n) {n'==n-1,k+1<=N,0<=n'}
n = n-1;
// T() {k+1<=N,0<=n}
out += x[n]*y[n]/N;
}
// T() {k+n<=N, n<=0}
return out;
}</pre>
```

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Transformers



Can be used by forloop_recover transformation:

```
float corr_body(int k, int N, float x[N], float y[N]){
  float out = 0.;
  int n = N-k;
  for(int n0 = n; n0 >= 1; n0 += -1) {
    n = n0 -1;
    out += x[n]*y[n]/N;
  }
  return out;
}
```

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Preconditions

- Affine predicates over scalar variables
- Computed by combination of transformers
- Interprocedural analysis
- Used in many phases (partial evaluation, dead code elimination...)

```
// P() {k+2<=N,0<=k}
float corr_body(int k, int N, float x[N], float y[N]){
// P() {k+2<=N,0<=k}
float out = 0.;
// P() {k+2<=N,0<=k}
int n = N-k;
// P(n) {k+n==N, k+2<=N,0<=k}
while (n>0) {
// P(n) {k+2<=N, k+n<=N,0<=k,1<=n}
n = n-1;
// P(n) {k+2<=N, k+n+1<=N,0<=k,0<=n}
out += x[n]*y[n]/N;
}
// P(n) {n==0,k+2<=N,0<=k}</pre>
```

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Key PIPS internals

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Preconditions

return out;





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- Abstract with with affine equalities and inequalities set of array elements accessed by statement
- Many different model of regions: read/write/in (needed)/out (useful after)/...

```
<R[PHI1]-W-MAY-{0<=PHI1, PHI1+1<=M,M+1<=N}>
    < x [PHI1] - R MAY \{0 < = PHI1, PHI1 + 1 < = N, 1 < = M, M + 1 < = N \}
   < y [PHI1] - R - MAY \{ 0 < = PHI1, PHI1 + 1 < = N, 1 < = M, M + 1 < = N \} >
int corr(int N, float x[N], float y[N],
            int M, float R[M]){
     <\!\!R[PHI1]-W\!-MAY\!-\{0\!<=\!PHI1, PHI1+1\!<=\!\!M,M\!+1\!<=\!\!N\}\!>
    <x[PHI1] - R - MAY = \{0 < = PHI1, PHI1 + 1 < = N, 1 < = M, M + 1 < = N\}
     <y [PHI1]-R-MAY-\{0<=PHI1, PHI1+1<=N, 1<=M, M+1<=N\}>
 if (M<N) {{
     <R[PHI1]-W-EXACT-{0<=PHI1, PHI1+1<=M,M+1<=N}>
   < x [PHI1] - R - EXACT = \{0 < = PHI1, PHI1 + 1 < = N, 1 < = M, M + 1 < = N\}
     \langle y | PHI1 \rangle = R - EXACT = \{0 \leq PHI1, PHI1 + 1 \leq N, 1 \leq M, M + 1 \leq N\}
    for (int k = 0; k \le M-1; k += 1)
     <R[PHI1]-W-EXACT-{PHI1==k,0<=k,k+1<=M,M+1<=N}>
     < x [PHI1] - R - EXACT - \{k \le PHI1, PHI1 + 1 \le N, 0 \le k, k + 1 \le M, M + 1 \le N\} > 
     < y [PHI1] - R - EXACT - \{0 < = PHI1, PHI1 + k + 1 < = N, 0 < = k, k + 1 < = M, M + 1 < = N\}
```



Key PIPS internals

Convex array regions





kernel(M,N,k,R,x,y);
}
return 1;
.

return 0;

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Linear algebra for analyses and transformations

- PIPS analyses based on the C^3 linear algebra library
- Mainly developed at MINES ParisTech from the 80's
- Integer vectors, matrix, polynomial...
- Mathematical operations, HERMITE's normal form, SMITH's normal form, sorting, simplex...
- ~ implementation of all the PIPS polyhedral and linear analyses
 and transformations (unimodular transformations...)
- In real code, large number of variables including global variables that are mostly not related

 \sim Use a sparse representation of constraints: reduce memory storage



Consistency and persistence manager

- Many passes and resources in PIPS...
- Difficult to have always up-to-date informations
- Consistency manager using an à la make description of dependence relations between resources though passes or analyses
- Lazy construction of resources to produce goal asked by user
- Deal with interprocedural analysis
- A persistance manager allows to stop and resume PIPS later

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Pass manager

PIPS is a source-to-source tool box

- ...but how to use them?
- Simple tpips shell like
- New Python-based PyPS
 - Modules, loops and compilation units are exposed as first-class entities
 - Introspection
 - Base of Par4All Cf. PIPS tutorial @ CGO 2011



Outline

Key use cases

Key PIPS internals

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Code transformations for heterogeneous computing

Conclusion



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SPIPS4U

Computation intensity estimation

- Offloading a loop on accelerator or not?
- Relevant only if the data transfer vs. computational intensity trade-off is interesting
- Execution time estimation given by complexity analysis
- Memory size estimated by region analysis as a polynomial in the program variables



Outlining

- Off-loading to accelerator...
- Use load work store idiom
- Extract work into new functions to be executed on accelerator
- Use summary effects to build formal parameters
- Use privatization analysis to filter out variables with local use only



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Statement Isolation

- Isolate all data accessed by a statement in newly allocated memory areas: simulate the remote memory
- Use *convex array regions* to generate the data copy between the remote and local memories
- DMA can often only transfer efficiently rectangular areas: over-estimate regions using their rectangular hull
- read regions are translated into a sequence of host-to-accelerator data transfers
- written regions are converted into accelerator-to-host data transfers
- Cf. PIPS tutorial @ CGO 2011

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Rectangular symbolic tiling and memory footprint

- Array regions estimate memory needed for a computation
- If it exceeds accelerator memory size, cannot run in 1 pass
- Use some tiling, but depends of memory needed
- ~ Perform symbolic tiling
- If not possible to decide at compile time, postpone at run time



From preconditions to iteration clamping

- Parallel loop nests are compiled into a CUDA kernel wrapper launch
- The kernel wrapper itself gets its virtual processor index with some blockIdx.x*blockDim.x + threadIdx.x
- Since only full blocks of threads are executed, if the number of iterations in a given dimension is not a multiple of the blockDim, there are incomplete blocks ©
- An incomplete block means that some index overrun occurs if all the threads of the block are executed





From preconditions to iteration clamping

```
• So we need to generate code such as
```

```
void p4a_kernel_wrapper_0(int k, int 1,...)
{
    k = blockIdx.x*blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
    l = blockIdx.y*blockDim.y + threadIdx.y;
    if (k >= 0 && k <= M - 1 && 1 >= 0 && 1 <= M - 1)
    kernel(k, 1, ...);
}</pre>
```

 Guard = directly translation in C of preconditions on loop indices that are GPU thread indices

$$\hspace{1.5cm} \hspace{1.5cm} // \hspace{1.5cm} P(i\,,j\,,k\,,l\,) \hspace{1.5cm} \{ 0 \!\!<\!\!=\!\!k\,, \hspace{1.5cm} k \!<\!\!=\!\!63, \hspace{1.5cm} 0 \!\!<\!\!=\!\!l\,, \hspace{1.5cm} l \!<\!\!=\!\!63 \!\}$$

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PIPS4U

- Manycores & GPU: impressive peak performances and memory bandwidth, power efficient
- Future will be heterogeneous
- Programming tools will be heterogeneous too: association of different tools specialized in different domains
- Future challenge: composing tools to make robust compilers
- PIPS uses polyhedral abstractions at high-level with approximations
 - Prefer to deal with whole programs rather than optimal method on small parts (work done in a Mining school, not École Normale Supérieure [©])
 - Good to prepare work for other more specialized and precise tools
 - On-going interfacing with PoCC in OpenGPU project
- Source-to-source
 - Avoid sticking to much or architectures



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Conclusion



- But can also capture architectural details
- Source is a great way to interface ≠ tools!
- Extensions in Python with more abstractions and dynamicity
- Basis of Par4All tool to provide end-user tools
- Open Source for community network effect
- More information this afternoon on PIPS and Par4All during the tutorial



Questions?

Historical disclaimer

I'm related to this project for only 19 years, so I ignore many details from the beginning but some colleagues in the audience can answer \odot

Completeness disclaimer

- There are too many things in PIPS and nobody knows about all of them anyway ⁽ⁱ⁾
- Not enough things has been published on PIPS ©





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